ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Kennedale Economic Development Corporation Kennedale, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Kennedale Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation"), a component of the City of Kennedale, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Corporation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the Corporation as of September 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position of these activities, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 2 through 5 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

March 3, 2010

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation, we offer readers of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation financial statements, this narrative overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,792,830.
- The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's net assets increased by \$638,836. The increase is primarily the result of an increase in miscellaneous revenue from insurance proceeds and decreased administration expenses.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$1,714,432, an increase of \$498,599 in comparison with the prior year. All of the fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,714,432, or 324% of the total General Fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's basic financial statements. The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes). Both the statement of net assets and the statement of activities are prepared utilizing the accrual basis of accounting as opposed to the modified accrual basis used in prior reporting models.

Governmental activities – Most of the Corporation's basic expenditures are reported here, including administrative and incentive grants. Sales taxes and investment earnings finance these activities.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The Corporation uses the following fund type:

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decision. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation maintains one individual governmental fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund.

The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for General Fund component unit to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found in the financial section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, over time, net assets may serve as a useful indicator of the Corporation's financial position. In the case of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation, assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,792,830 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

KENNEDALE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION'S NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				
	2009	2008			
Current assets	\$ 1,794,675 2,189,294	\$ 1,359,447 2,077,440			
Capital assets Total assets	3,983,969	3,436,887			
Current liabilities	51,139	112,893			
Noncurrent liabilities	1,140,000	1,170,000			
Total liabilities	1,191,139	1,282,893			
Net assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,049,294	907,440			
Unrestricted	1,743,536	1,246,554			
Total net assets	\$2,792,830	\$ 2,153,994			

The Corporation's net assets increased by \$638,836 during the current fiscal year. This increase is a result of an increase in miscellaneous revenue from insurance proceeds and decreased administration expenses.

KENNEDALE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				
		2009		2008	
General revenues:					
Sales tax	\$	298,682	\$	331,268	
Rental income		237,519		212,403	
Miscel laneous income		481,136		-	
Investment earnings		10,628		52,087	
Total general revenues		1,027,965		595,758	
Expenses: Economic development:					
Administration		307,820		514,605	
Interest and fiscal charges		81,309		81,547	
Total expenses		389,129		596,152	
Changes in net assets		638,836	(394)	
Net assets, beginning		2,153,994		2,154,388	
Net assets, ending	\$	2,792,830	\$	2,153,994	

Governmental activities. The Corporation's general revenues increased by \$432,207 or 72.55% from last year. The primary reason for this increase was miscellaneous income increased by \$481,136 or 100% to \$481,136 due to insurance proceeds offset by the decrease in sales tax revenue. Sales tax revenue decreased by \$32,586 or 9.84% to \$298,682.

DISCUSSION OF CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS IN FISCAL YEAR 2009

The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's projects for fiscal year 2009-2010 and beyond include: 1) Completing the development of the City's Town Center District, that's complete with walking trails, a pool fountain, amphitheater, and an overall meeting place for civic events, 2) Establish the City's first Tax Increment Financing District that will be used to finance infrastructure improvements to within the City's major commercial and industrials zones, 3) Work with existing business owners and other advisory boards to implement revisions to the City's ordinances that will enhance business productivity, and 4) Promote, market and sell the KEDC Shopping Center for future development

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Treasurer, Kennedale Economic Development Corporation, 405 Municipal Dr., Kennedale, Texas 76060.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

		General	neral Adjustments		Statement of Net Assets	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,698,072	\$	-	\$	1,698,072
Sales taxes receivable		46,649		-		46,649
Accounts receivable		20,850		-		20,850
Deferred charges		-		29,104		29,104
Capital assets:						
Land		~		320,618		320,618
Buildings and improvements		-		1,200,500		1,200,500
Construction in progress		-		788,226		788,226
Less: accumulated depreciation	_	<u>-</u>	(120,050)	(_	120,050)
Total capital assets				2,189,294		2,189,294
Total assets	_	1,765,571		2,218,398	_	3,983,969
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		51,139		-		51,139
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		_		35,000		35,000
Due in more than one year		_		1,105,000		1,105,000
Total liabilities		51,139		1,140,000		1,191,139
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS						
Fund balance:						
Unreserved		1,714,432	(1,714,432)		-
Total fund balance		1,714,432	(1,714,432)	_	-
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$_	1,765,571				
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt				1,049,294		1,049,294
Unrestricted				1,743,536		1,743,536
Total net assets			\$	2,792,830	\$	2,792,830

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

	 General		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
Expenditures/expenses:						
Current:						
Economic development	\$ 418,057	\$(110,237)	\$	307,820	
Debt service:						
Principal	30,000	(30,000)		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	 81,309		-		81,309	
Total expenditures/expenses	 529,366	(140,237)		389,129	
General revenues:						
Sales taxes	298,682		-		298,682	
Rental income	237,519		-		237,519	
Miscellaneous income	481,136		_		481,136	
Investment earnings	 10,628		-		10,628	
Total general revenues	 1,027,965		<u>-</u>		1,027,965	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 498,599		140,237		638,836	
Net change in fund balance	498,599	(498,599)		-	
Change in net assets	-		638,836		638,836	
Fund balance/net assets:						
Beginning	1,215,833		938,161		2,153,994	
Ending	\$ 1,714,432	\$	1,078,398	\$	2,792,830	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

COMPONENT UNIT - GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended September 30, 2008)

		2008			
	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Actual Amounts
	Original		7 Hillounis	(Trogativo)	7 1111041113
REVENUES					
Sales tax	\$ 354,000	\$ 354,000	\$ 298,682	\$(55,318)	\$ 331,268
Rental income	175,200	175,200	237,519	62,319	212,403
Miscellaneous income	-	-	481,136	481,136	-
Investment earnings	50,000	50,000	10,628	(39,372)	52,087
Total revenues	579,200	579,200	1,027,965	448,765	595,758
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Economic development	469,560	671,160	296,203	374,957	449,535
Debt Service:					
Principal	30,000	30,000	30,000	-	30,000
Interest and fiscal charges	81,316	81,316	81,309	7	81,547
Capital outlay	300,500	130,000	121,854	8,146	563,912
Total expenditures	881,376	912,476	529,366	383,110	1,124,994
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(302,176)	(333,276)	498,599	831,875	(529,236)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Proceeds from bond proceeds	_		-	_	
Total other financing sources and (uses)			-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(302,176)	(333,276)	498,599	831,875	(529,236)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	1,745,069	1,745,069	1,215,833		1,745,069
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>1,442,893</u>	\$ <u>1,411,793</u>	\$_1,714,432	\$ 302,639	\$ <u>1,215,833</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Kennedale Economic Development Corporation (the "Corporation") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. GASB's jurisdiction includes nonprofit corporations that are in substance part of a governmental unit. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the Corporation are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The Kennedale Economic Development Corporation (KEDC) was incorporated on December 2, 1996. The Corporation is a nonprofit corporation organized and operating under the laws of the State of Texas, particularly Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, as amended and Article 5190.6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, (the "Act"), as amended. The Corporation was created following an election held by the City of Kennedale, Texas (the "City"), on August 10, 1996, to levy 0.5% local sales and use tax in the City for the benefit of the Corporation. The Corporation, as currently organized, is to promote economic development within the City, including, but not limited to, construction, operation and administration, as permitted by Section 4B of the Act, as amended. The Corporation is a discretely presented component unit of the City under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Kennedale Economic Development Corporation and do not include any component units, entities for which the Corporation is considered to be financially accountable. The Corporation did not have any entities which meet the component unit criteria. Therefore, the reporting entity is limited to those departments which comprise the Corporation's legally adopted jurisdiction. However, the Corporation is considered to be, and is reported as, a component unit of the City.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the government. *Governmental activities* are supported by taxes, rent and investment revenue.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

The government-wide and fund financial statements are provided for the governmental fund of the Corporation with a column for adjustments between the two statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Corporation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

Interest income associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Corporation.

The Corporation reports the following major governmental fund:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Corporation. There are no other funds of the Corporation.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Investments

The City of Kennedale, Texas, pools substantially all cash and investments except for separate cash and investment accounts which are maintained in accordance with legal restrictions. The Corporation participates in the City's cash and investment pool. Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in current transactions between willing parties. Investment income on investments is allocated to the Corporation based upon its pro rata participation in the pool.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Economic Development Board of Directors and the City Council of the City of Kennedale, Texas, follow these procedures in establishing budgets reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the Executive Director submits a proposed budget to the Corporation's Board of Directors for the fiscal year beginning on the following October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted by the Corporation's Board of Directors and ratified by the City Council of the City.
- 4. The Board of Directors and the City Council must approve any budget amendments. At the end of each fiscal year, all appropriations lapse.
- 5. Annual budgets adopted for the Economic Development Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

3. **DETAIL NOTES**

A. Cash and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the Corporation to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the Corporation to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. Agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers' acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the Corporation to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The Corporation is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies

In compliance with the **Public Funds Investment Act**, the Corporation has adopted the deposit and investment policy used by the City of Kennedale. That policy does address the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of September 30, 2009, all of the Corporation's \$121,918 deposit balance was covered by collateral held in the City of Kennedale's name, by the trust department of banks, who act as agents for the City of Kennedale.
- b. *Credit Risk:* It is the Corporation's policy to limit investments to investment types with an investment quality rating no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service or no lower than investment grade by at least one nationally recognized rating service with a weighted average maturity no greater than 90 days. The Corporation's investments were rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Investors Services.
- c. *Interest Rate Risk:* In accordance with the Corporation's investment policy, the Corporation manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to 90 days or less, dependent on market conditions.
- d. *Concentration of Credit Risk:* The Corporation's investment policy states the maximum percentage allowed for each different investment instrument that can be used to make up the portfolio.

3. **DETAIL NOTES**

A. Cash and Investments (Continued)

At September 30, 2009, the carrying amounts of the Corporation's investments were as follows:

Balances in public funds investment pools:

TexStar

1,576,154

\$ 1,576,154

Balances in public funds investment pools noted above are not evidenced by underlying securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, therefore, are not subject to credit risk categorization.

B. Risk Management

The City of Kennedale, Texas, carries its general insurance risks with a public entity risk pool by transferring all risks to the insurance carrier except for small deductible amounts.

C. Employee Plans

The Corporation has no employees. The personnel duties for the Corporation are performed by employees of the City of Kennedale, and the Corporation is charged for expenses related to these duties. For complete "Employee Plan" disclosures, reference is made to the basic financial statements of the City of Kennedale, Texas.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2009, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 320,618	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 320,618
Construction in progress	616,347	171,879	-	788,226
Total capital assets not being depreciated	936,965	171,879		1,108,844
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,200,500	-	-	1,200,500
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,200,500	-		1,200,500
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	60,025	60,025		120,050
Total accumulated depreciation	60,025	60,025		120,050
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,140,475	(60,025)		1,080,450
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 2,077,440	\$ 111,854	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,189,294

E. Long-term Debt

During fiscal year 2007, \$1,200,000 of revenue bonds were issued for the purpose of financing new projects. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Addition	ns_	Re	ductions	Ending Balance		ne Within ne Year
Government activities Revenue bonds	\$ 1,170,000	\$		\$	30,000	\$ 1,140,000	<u>\$</u>	35,000
Governmental activity Long-term liabilities	\$ 1,170,000	\$		<u>\$</u>	30,000	\$ 1,140,000	<u>\$</u>	35,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	ntal Activities
September 30	Principal	Interest
2010	\$ 35,000	\$ 79,230
2011	35,000	76,798
2012	40,000	74,365
2013	40,000	71,585
2014	45,000	68,805
2015-2019	275,000	292,248
2020-2024	375,000	184,175
2025-2029	295,000	42,048
Total	\$ 1,140,000	\$ 889,253